## Federal Aviation Administration, DOT

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°22′26″ W.; to

Latitude 30°19′46″ N., Longitude 86°23′45″ W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shore-line to Latitude 30°20′51″ N..

Longitude 86°38′50″ W.; to Latitude 30°23′46″ N..

Longitude 86°38′15″ W.; to the beginning.

(3) The east section would include that airspace extending upward from the surface to but not including 8,500 feet MSL, bounded by a line beginning at:

Latitude 30°25′01″ N., Longitude 86°22′26″ W.;

Latitude 30°22′01″ N., Longitude 86°08′00″ W.; to

Latitude 30°19′16″ N., Longitude 85°56′00″ W.;

Latitude 30°11′01″ N., Longitude 85°56′00″ W.; then 3 NM from and parallel to the shore-line to Latitude 30°19′46″ N., Longitude 86°23′45″ W.; to the beginning.

[Amdt. 93–70, 59 FR 46154, Sept. 6, 1994 as amended by Amdt. 93–82, 68 FR 9795, Feb. 28, 2003]

## § 93.83 Aircraft operations.

- (a) North-South Corridor. Unless otherwise authorized by ATC (including the Eglin Radar Control Facility), no person may operate an aircraft in flight within the North-South Corridor designated in §93.81(b)(1) unless—
- (1) Before operating within the corridor, that person obtains a clearance from the Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appropriate FAA ATC facility; and
- (2) That person maintains two-way radio communication with the Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appropriate FAA ATC facility while within the corridor.
- (b) East-West Corridor. Unless otherwise authorized by ATC (including the Eglin Radar Control Facility), no person may operate an aircraft in flight within the East-West Corridor designated in §93.81(b)(2) unless—
- (1) Before operating within the corridor, that person establishes two-way radio communications with Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appropriate FAA ATC facility and receives an ATC advisory concerning operations being conducted therein; and
- (2) That person maintains two-way radio communications with the Eglin Radar Control Facility or an appro-

priate FAA ATC facility while within the corridor.

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[Amdt. 93-70, 59 FR 46155, Sept. 6, 1994]

# Subpart G—Special Flight Rules in the Vicinity of Los Angeles International Airport

SOURCE: Doc. No. FAA-2002-14149, 68 FR 41214, July 10, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

### § 93.91 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes special air traffic rules for aircraft conducting VFR operations in the Los Angeles, California Special Flight Rules Area.

### §93.93 Description of area.

The Los Angeles Special Flight Rules Area is designated as that part of Area A of the Los Angeles Class B airspace area at 3,500 feet above mean sea level (MSL) and at 4,500 feet MSL, beginning at Ballona Creek/Pacific Ocean (lat. 33°57′42" N, long. 118°27′23" W), then eastbound along Manchester Blvd. to the intersection of Manchester/405 Freeway (lat. 33°57'42" N, long. 118°22'10" W), then southbound along the 405 Freeway to the intersection of the 405 Freeway/Imperial Highway (lat. 33°55′51" N, long. 118° 22′06" W), then westbound along Imperial Highway to the intersection of Imperial Highway/ Pacific Ocean (lat. 33°55′51" N, long. 118°26′05" W), then northbound along the shoreline to the point of beginning.

# § 93.95 General operating procedures.

Unless otherwise authorized by the Administrator, no person may operate an aircraft in the airspace described in §93.93 unless the operation is conducted in accordance with the following procedures:

- (a) The flight must be conducted under VFR and only when operation may be conducted in compliance with §91.155(a) of this chapter.
- (b) The aircraft must be equipped as specified in §91.215(b) of this chapter replying on code 1201 prior to entering and while operating in this area.
- (c) The pilot shall have a current Los Angeles Terminal Area Chart in the aircraft.
- (d) The pilot shall operate on the Santa Monica very high frequency

### § 93.97

omni-directional radio range (VOR) 132° radial.

- (e) Aircraft navigating in a southeasterly direction shall be in level flight at 3,500 feet MSL.
- (f) Aircraft navigating in a northwesterly direction shall be in level flight at 4,500 feet MSL.
- (g) Indicated airspeed shall not exceed 140 knots.
- (h) Anti-collision lights and aircraft position/navigation lights shall be on. Use of landing lights is recommended.
- (i) Turbojet aircraft are prohibited from VFR operations in this area.

#### § 93.97 Operations in the SFRA.

Notwithstanding the provisions of §91.131(a) of this chapter, an air traffic control authorization is not required in the Los Angeles Special Flight Rules Area for operations in compliance with §93.95. All other provisions of §91.131 of this chapter apply to operations in the Los Angeles Special Flight Rules Area.

# Subparts H-I [Reserved]

# Subpart J—Lorain County **Regional Airport Traffic Rule**

## §93.117 Applicability.

This subpart prescribes a special air traffic rule for aircraft operating at the Lorain County Regional Airport, Lorain County, Ohio.

[Doc. No. FAA-2002-13235, 68 FR 9795, Feb. 28, 20031

# §93.119 Aircraft operations.

Each person piloting an airplane landing at the Lorain County Regional Airport shall enter the traffic pattern north of the airport and shall execute a right traffic pattern for a landing to the southwest or a left traffic pattern for a landing to the northeast. Each person taking off from the airport shall execute a departure turn to the north as soon as practicable after takeoff.

[Doc. No. 8669, 33 FR 11749, Aug. 20, 1968]

# Subpart K—High Density Traffic **Airports**

# §93.121 Applicability.

This subpart designates high density traffic airports and prescribes air traffic rules for operating aircraft, other than helicopters, to or from those airports.

[Doc. No. 9974, 35 FR 16592, Oct. 24, 1970, as amended by Amdt. 93-27, 38 FR 29464, Oct. 25,

# §93.123 High density traffic airports.

(a) Each of the following airports is designated as a high density traffic airport and, except as provided in §93.129 and paragraph (b) of this section, or unless otherwise authorized by ATC, is limited to the hourly number of allocated IFR operations (takeoffs and landings) that may be reserved for the specified classes of users for that airport:

IFR OPERATIONS PER HOUR

### AIRPORT

Class of user	LaGuardia 4,	Newark	O'Hare <sup>2</sup> ,	Ronald Reagan Na- tional 1
Air carriers Commuters Other	48	40	120	37
	14	10	25	11
	6	10	10	12

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	Air carriers	Commuters	Other
1500	69	15	2
1600	74	12	2
1700	80	13	0
1800	75	10	2
1900	63	12	2

62' for air carriers and 13 for commuters and 5 for "other" during any 30-minute period beginning at 6:45 a.m. and continuing every 30 minutes thereafter.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of the note, exceed more than 120 for air carriers, 25 for commuters, and 10 for "other" in any two consecutive 30-minute periods.

(c) For the hours beginning at 6:45 a.m., 7:45 a.m., 11:45 a.m., 7:45 p.m. and 8:45 p.m., the hourly limitations shall be 105 for air carriers, 40 for commuters and 10 for "other," and the 30-minute limitations shall be 55 for air carriers, 20 for commuters and 5 for "other." For the hour beginning at 3:45 p.m., the hourly limitations shall be 115 for air carriers, 30 for commuters and 10 for "others", and the 30-minute limitations shall be 15 for air carriers, 30 for commuters and 5 for "others", and the 30-minute limitations shall be 60 for air carriers, 15 for commuters and 5 for "other."

Operations at LaGuardia Airport shall not—

¹Washington National Airport operations are subject to modifications per Section 93.124.
²The hour period in effect at O'Hare begins at 6:45 a.m. and continues in 30-minute increments until 9:15 p.m.
³Operations at O'Hare International Airport shall not—
(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of the note, exceed 62 for air carriers and 13 for commuters and 5 for "other" during any 30-minute period beginning at 6:55 a.m. and con-